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(74) Representative:

(54) COSMETIC

(57) Abstract:

PROBLEM TO BE SOLVED: To obtain a cosmetic excellent in feeling to users and having good touch feeling by including a partially crosslinked type polyether-modified organopolysiloxane polymer and a gel composition comprising a polyacrylamide, a hydrocarbon and a nonionic surfactant.

SOLUTION: This cosmetic is obtained by including a gel composition comprising (A) 0.1-15 wt. % partially crosslinked type polyether-modified organopolysiloxane polymer (obtained by subjecting an organohydrogenpolysiloxane to addition polymerization with an aliphatic unsaturated group-containing compound) and (B) a gel composition comprising (i) 1.0-80.0 wt.% polyacrylamide (having 1,000-1,000,000 molecular weight), (ii) 1.0-60.0 wt.% hydrocarbon such as liquid paraffin, Vaseline or ceresin and (iii) 0.1-20.0 wt.% nonionic surfactant such as polyoxyethylenealkylether or polyoxyethylenesorbitan fatty acid ester therein.

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【住所又は居所】東京都北区栄町48番18号 株式会社コ (57)【要約】

【課題】肌に塗布しやすく使用性に優れ、しっとり感を有しながらべたつきを感じさせない良好な使用感触を有する化粧料を提供する。

【解決手段】部分架橋型ポリエーテル変性オルガノポリシロキサン重合物と、ポリアクリルアミド、炭化水素及び非イオン性界面活性剤から成るジェル組成物とを含有することを特徴とする化粧料。

【特許請求の範囲】

【請求項1】部分架橋型ポリエーテル変性オルガノポリシロキサン重合物と、ポリアクリルアミド、炭化水素及び非イオン性界面活性剤から成るジェル組成物とを含有することを特徴とする化粧料。

【請求項2】部分架橋型ポリエーテル変性オルガノポリシロキサン重合物の含有量が、O. $1 \sim 15 重量%であることを特徴とする請求項1記載の化粧料。$

【請求項3】ジェル組成物の含有量が、0. 1~10重量%であることを特徴とする請求項1又は2のいずれかに記載の化粧料。

【発明の詳細な説明】

[0001]

【発明の属する技術分野】本発明は使用性並びに使用感触に 優れた化粧料に関し、更に詳しくは、部分架橋型ポリエーテ ル変性オルガノポリシロキサン重合物と、ポリアクリルアミ ド、炭化水素および非イオン性界面活性剤から成るジェル組 成物とを含有することを特徴とする化粧料である。 7405

(22) [Application Date] 1997 (1997) June 27 day

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[Address] Tokyo Chuo-ku Nihonbashi 3-6-2

(72) [Inventor]

[Name] Part rice field hardness

(57) [Abstract]

[Problem] While to apply to skin being superior easily in use property, possessing soft, moist feel it offers cosmetic which possesses good feel in usewhich does not feel tackiness.

[Means of Solution] Cosmetic which designates that gel composition which consists of partially crosslinked polyether modified organopolysiloxane polymerand poly acrylamide, hydrocarbon and nonionic surfactant is contained as feature.

[Claim(s)]

[Claim 1] Cosmetic which designates that gel composition which consists of partially crosslinked polyether modified organopolysiloxane polymerand polyacrylamide, hydrocarbon and nonionic surfactant is contained as feature.

[Claim 2] Content of partially crosslinked polyether modified o rganopolysiloxane polymer, cosmetic which is stated in Claim 1 whichdesignates that it is a 0.1 to 15 wt% as feature.

[Claim 3] Content of gel composition, cosmetic which is stated in any of the Claim 1 or 2 which designates that it is a 0.1 to 10 wt% as feature.

[Description of the Invention]

[0001]

[Technological Field of Invention] As for this invention further more details are cosmetic which designates that gel composition which consists of partially crosslinked polyether modified organopolysiloxane polymer and poly acrylamide, hydrocarbonand nonionic surfactant is contained as feature in regard to cosmetic which issuperior in use property and feel in

[0002]

【従来の技術】化粧料の形状には、ローション状、乳液状、クリーム状、粉末状、固形粉末状等がある。化粧料においては、ローション状の化粧水、乳液状のミルクローション、化粧下地、リキッドファンデーション、固形粉末状では、パウダーファンデーション等がある。

[0003]

【発明が解決しようとする課題】化粧水は、さっぱりした感触、ミルクローションでは、ややしっとりする感触があり、クリームでは、リッチでこくのある感触があり、それぞれ肌にみずみずしさや潤いを与えている。しかしながら、化粧水や乳液は流動性が良いために、肌に塗布するときに、手や顔から流れ落ち、床やいす、テーブル、服等を汚す恐れがあった。一方、クリームは、油性成分等の配合量が多いため、べたつきを感じる場合があった。そのため、流れ落ちのない形状でありながら、かつ、べたつきのないさっぱりと仕上がる化粧料の開発が求められていた。

[0004]

【課題を解決するための手段】本発明者は、上記課題を解決すべく鋭意研究を行った結果、部分架橋型ポリエーテル変性オルガノポリシロキサン重合物とポリアクリルアミド、炭化水素および非イオン性界面活性剤から成るジェル組成物とを用いることにより、化粧水のように流れ落ちることなく使用性に優れ、クリームにはないさっぱりした仕上がりを有する化粧料が得られることを見出し、本発明を完成するに至った。すなわち、本発明は、ポリアクリルアミド、炭化水素お起び非イオン性界面活性剤から成るジェル組成物と部分架橋型ポリエーテル変性オルガノポリシロキサン重合物とを含有することを特徴とする化粧料である。以下、本発明について更に詳しく説明する。

[0005]

【発明の実施の形態】本発明に使用される部分架橋型ポリエーテル変性オルガノポリシロキサン重合物とは、オルガノハイドロジェンポリシロキサンと脂肪族不飽和基含有化合物とを付加重合させたもので、特開平4-272932号公報、特開平5-140320号公報等に記載されているものが例示される。部分架橋型ポリエーテル変性オルガノポリシロキサン重合物は、下記一般式(1)

use.

[0002]

[Prior Art] There is a lotion, a emulsion, a cream, a powder and a solid powder etc in the shape of cosmetic. Regarding cosmetic, lotion of lotion, milk lotion of emulsion, with cosmetic base, liquid foundation and solid powder, there is a powder foundation etc.

[0003]

[Problems to be Solved by the Invention] As for lotion, refres hing feel, with milk lotion, there is a soft, moist feel touching a little, with cream, there is a feel which hasthe body with rich, gives youthfulness and moisture to therespective skin. But, there was a possibility lotion and emulsion when because thefluidity is good, applying to skin, flowing from hand and theface and falling, polluting floor and chair, table andthe clothes etc. On one hand, cream, because oily component or other compounded amount is many, had when tackinessis felt. Because of that, although being a shape which does not have flowfalling, at same time, development of cosmetic which is not the tackiness and is finished was sought.

[0004]

[Means to Solve the Problems] It was superior in use property a s for this inventor, in order that theabove-mentioned problem is solved, as for result of doing diligent research, by using with gel composition which consists of partially crosslinked polyether modified organopolysiloxane polymer and poly acrylamide, the hydrocarbon and nonionic surfactant, like lotion it flowed and without falling, it discovered fact that cosmetic which possesses refreshing finishing which is not cream is acquired, this invention reached to completion. namely, this invention is cosmetic which designates that gel composition and partially crosslinked polyether modified organopolysiloxane polymer which consist of poly acrylamide, hydrocarbon and nonionic surfactant are contained as feature. Furthermore you explain in detail below, concerning this invention.

[0005]

[Embodiment of Invention] Partially crosslinked polyether modified organopolysiloxane polymer which is used for this invention, being something which organo hydrogen polysiloxaneand aliphatic unsaturated group containing compound addition polymerization is done, those which are stated in Japan Unexamined Patent Publication Hei 4-272932 disclosure and Japan Unexamined Patent Publication Hei 5-140320 disclosure etc are illustrated. As for partially crosslinked polyether modified organopolysiloxane polymer,

below-mentioned General Formula (1)

[0006]

76)

【化1】

 $R^{1}_{a}R^{2}_{b}H_{c}SiO_{(4-a-b-c)/2}\cdots(1)$

【0007】 [式中、R¹は同種又は異種の炭素数 $1 \sim 180$ 非置換、又は置換のアルキル基、アリール基、アラルキル基又はハロゲン化炭化水素基、R²は一般式 $C_nH_{2n}O$ ($C_2H_{4}O$) $_d$ (C_3H_6O) $_e$ R³ {ここに R^3 は水素原子又は炭素数 $1 \sim 100$ 的和脂肪族炭化水素基もしくは一 (CO) $-R^4$ (R^4 は炭素数 $1 \sim 50$ 的和脂肪族炭化水素基)で示される基、 d は $2 \sim 200$ の整数、 e は $0 \sim 200$ の整数、 d + e は $3 \sim 200$ の整数、 n は $2 \sim 6$ をそれぞれ示す 1 で示されるポリオキシアルキレン基、 1 は 1 の 1 に 1 に 1 の 1 に

[0007] It is displayed with [In Formula, as for R1 as for same k ind or different kind carbon number 1 to 18 unsubstituted or substituted alkyl group, the aryl group, aralkyl group or halogenated hydrocarbon group and R2 as for R3 as for the group and d which are shown with hydrogen atomor carbon number 1 to 10 saturated aliphatic hydrocarbon group orthe - (CO) -R4 (As for R4 carbon number 1 to 5 saturated aliphatic hydrocarbon group) integer of 2 to 200, as for e integer of the0 to 200, as for d+e integer of 3 to 200, as for n the2 to 6 is shown respectively General Formula ChH2nO(C2 H4O)d(C3 H6O)e R3 { here. } With as for polyoxyalkylene group and a which are shown as for 1.0 a 2.5and b as for 0.001 b 1.0 and c 0.001 c 1.0 is shownrespectively.] organo hydrogen polysiloxane and/or General Formula (2)

[0008]

【化2】

[8000]

[0006]

[Chemical Formula 1]

[Chemical Formula 2]

 $R^{1}_{f}H_{o}SiO_{(4-f-g)/2}$ ·· (2)

【0009】 [式中、R は上記と同じ、f は 1. $0 \le f \le 3$. 0、g は 0. $001 \le g \le 1$. 5 をそれぞれ示す] で表わされるオルガノハイドロジェンポリシロキサンと一般式(A)

[0010]

[化3]

[0009] Organo hydrogen polysiloxane which is displayed with [I n Formula, as for R1 same as description above, as forthe f as for 1.0 f 3.0 and g 0.001 g 1.5 is shownrespectively.] General Formula (A)

[0010]

[Chemical Formula 3]

 $C_m H_{2m-1} O (C_2 H_4 O) h (C_3 H_6 O) h (C_m H_{2m-1} \cdots (A)$

【0011】 [式中、hは2~200の整数、iは0~200の整数、h+iは3~200の整数、mは2~6をそれぞれ示す] で表わされるポリオキシアルキレン及び/又は一般式(B)

[0012]

【化4】

[0011] It is displayed with [In Formula, as for h integer of 2 to 200, as for thei integer of 0 to 200, as for h + i integer of 3 to 200, as for m2 to 6 is shown respectively.] polyoxyalkylene and/or General Formula (B)

[0012]

[Chemical Formula 4]

 $R^{1}_{i}R^{5}_{k}SiO_{(4-j-k)/2}$ ·· (B)

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【0013】 [式中、R¹は前記に同じ、R⁵は末端に脂肪族不飽和基を有する炭素数 $2\sim1001$ 価炭化水素基、 j は 1 . $0\leq j\leq 3$. 0 、k は 0 . 0 0 $1\leq k\leq 1$. 1 5 をそれぞれ示す] で表わされるオルガノポリシロキサンとの組合せにおいて、上記一般式(1)及び/又は一般式(A)で表わされる成分を必須成分とする重合物である。

【〇〇14】部分架橋型ポリエーテル変性オルガノポリシロキサン重合物は、本発明の化粧料中により好ましくは〇.1~15重量%(以下、単に「%」と記す)、更に好ましくは〇.3~8%の範囲で配合される。また、これらの部分架橋型ポリエーテル変性オルガノポリシロキサン重合物は、必要に応じて1種又は2種以上を適宜用いることができる。

【0015】本発明で用いるジェル組成物中のポリアクリルアミドは、分子量1、000~1、000、000のものが使用でき、その配合量は、ジェル組成物中、1.0~80.0%が好ましい。

【〇〇16】炭化水素は、特に制限はないが、例えば流動パラフィン、ワセリン、セレシン、スクワラン、マイクロクリスタリンワックス等が配合できるが、特に炭素数が4~20のイソパラフィンが好ましい。炭化水素の配合量は、ジェル組成物中、1.0~60.0%が好ましい。

【〇〇17】非イオン性界面活性剤は、非イオン性のものであれば制限はないが、特に、ポリオキシエチレンアルキル(炭素数12~24)エーテル、ポリオキシエチレンソルビタン脂肪酸エステルが好ましい。非イオン性界面活性剤の配合量は、ジェル組成物中、〇. 1~2〇. 〇%が好ましい。

【0018】上記ポリアクリルアミド、炭化水素および非イオン性界面活性剤から成るジェル組成物は、例えばSEPPIC社製のセピゲル305、セピゲル501等を用いることができる。本発明の化粧料のおいて、ポリアクリルアミド、炭化水素および非イオン性界面活性剤から成るジェル組成物の配合量は、好ましくは0.1~10%、更に好ましくは0.3~5%の範囲で配合される。

【 O O 1 9】本発明の化粧料には、本発明の効果を妨げない 範囲で、通常の化粧料に配合される固体、半固体、液状の油 剤、アルコール類、水溶性高分子、寒天、界面活性剤、保湿 剤、美肌用成分、紫外線吸収剤、体質顔料、無機顔料、有機 顔料、有機粉末、パール剤、有機変性粘土鉱物、合成樹脂、 合成樹脂エマルション、酸化防止剤、防腐剤、香料等を添加 [0013] It is a polymer which designates component which is dis played with theabove-mentioned General Formula (1) and/or General Formula (A) at time of combining with organopolysiloxane which is displayed with [In Formula, as for RI same to description above, as forthe R5 as for carbon number 2 to 10 monovalent hydrocarbon group and j which possess aliphatic unsaturated group in the end as for 1.0 j 3.0 and k 0.001 k 1.5 is shown respectively.], as essential component.

[0014] Partially crosslinked polyether modified organopolysilo xane polymer, preferably 0.1 to 15 wt% (Below, "%" you inscribe simply.) , furthermore is combined in range of thepreferably 0.3 to 8 % by in cosmetic of this invention. In addition, these partially crosslinked polyether modified organopolysiloxane polymer can use according to need one, two or more kinds appropriately.

[0015] Those of molecular weight 1,000 to 1,000,000 be able to use poly acrylamide in gel composition which is used with this invention, as for compounded amount, in gel composition, 1.0 to 80.0 % is desirable.

[0016] As for hydrocarbon, there is not especially restriction, but it cancombine for example liquid paraffin, vaseline, ceresin, squalane and microcrystalline wax etc,but, especially carbon number isoparaffin of 4 to 20 is desirable. As for compounded amount of hydrocarbon, in gel composition, 1.0 to 60.0 % is desirable.

[0017] As for nonionic surfactant, if it is something of nonionic, there is notrestriction, but especially, polyoxyethylene alkyl (carbon number 12 to 24) ether and polyoxyethylene sorbitan fatty acid ester are desirable. As for compounded amount of nonionic surfactant, in gel composition, 0.1 to 20.0 % is desirable.

[0018] Above-mentioned poly acrylamide, gel composition which consists of hydrocarbon and the nonionic surfactant, can use Sepigel 305 and Sepigel 501 etc of for example SEPPIC supplied. cosmetic of this invention putting, compounded amount of gel composition which consistsof poly acrylamide, hydrocarbon and nonionic surfactant, preferably 0.1 to 10%, furthermore is combined in range of preferably 0.3 to 5%.

[0019] In range which does not obstruct effect of this invention, theoil of solid, semisolid and liquid state which are combined in the conventional cosmetic, alcohols, water soluble polymer, agar, surfactant, humectant and the component for beautiful skin, ultraviolet absorber, extender, inorganic pigment, organic pigment, the organic

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することができる。

【OO20】本発明の化粧料としては、乳液、クリーム、美容液、化粧下地、リキッドファンデーション、アイシャドウ、頬紅等が挙げられる。

[0021]

【実施例】以下、実施例により本発明を更に詳細に説明する が、本発明は、これらに限定されるものではない。

【0022】製造例1 部分架橋型ポリエーテル変性オルガノポリシロキサン重合物

反応器中に、下記平均組成式(3)

[0023]

【化5】

powder, pearl agent, organic modified clay mineral, synthetic resin, synthetic resin emulsion, antioxidant, the antiseptic and fragrance etc can be added in cosmetic of this invention.

[0020] As cosmetic of this invention, you can list emulsion , c ream , the bath tonic , cosmetic base , liquid foundation , eye shadow and rouge etc.

[0021]

[Working Example(s)] This invention furthermore is explained in detail below, with Working Example, but this invention is not something which is limited in these.

[0022] Production Example 1 portion crosslinking type polyet her modified organopolysiloxane polymer

In reactor, below-mentioned average composition formula (3)

[0023]

[Chemical Formula 5]

【0024】で示されるオルガノハイドロジェンポリシロキ サン100g、エタノール62g、下記平均組成式(4)

[0024] So organo hydrogen polysiloxane 100g which is shown, ethanol 62g and below-mentioned average composition formula (4)

[0025]

[0025]

[(themical Formula 6]

 $CH_2 = CHCH_2O (C_2H_4O)_{10}CH_2CH = CH_2 \cdots (4)$

【0026】で示されるポリオキシアルキレン23.6g及び塩化白金酸3%のエタノール溶液0.3gを仕込み、内温を70~80℃に維持して2時間撹拌した後、減圧下で溶媒を除去し、粒状の重合物を得た。

【〇〇27】製造例2 部分架橋型ポリエーテル変性オルガ ノポリシロキサン重合物

反応器中に、平均組成式(5)

[0026] So polyoxyalkylene 23.6g and chloroplatinic acid 3 % ethanol solution 0.3g which are shown were inserted, internal temperaturewas maintained in 70 to 80 °C and 2 hours after agitating, solventwas removed under vacuum, polymer of particulate was acquired.

[0027] Production Example two portions crosslinking type polyether modified organopolysiloxane polymer

In reactor, average composition formula (5)

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[0028]

【化7】

[0028]

[Chemical Formula 7]

【0029】で示されるオルガノハイドロジェンポリシロキサン100g、エタノール62g、製造例1で用いたものと同様のポリオキシアルキレン2. 6g及び塩化白金酸3%のエタノール溶液0.3gを仕込み、内温を70~80℃に維持して2時間撹拌した後、減圧下で溶媒を除去し、粒状の重合物を得た。

【0030】実施例1~3及び比較例1~2

下記表 1 に示す成分の化粧料を調製して、官能評価を行った

[0031]

【表1】

[0029] So organo hydrogen polysiloxane 100g which is shown, ethanol 62g, polyoxyalkylene 2.6g which is similar to those which are used with Production Example 1, ethanol solution 0. 3g of chloroplatinic acid 3 % was inserted, internal temperature was maintained in the 70 to 80 °C and 2 hours after agitating, solvent was removed under the vacuum, polymer of particulate was acquired.

[0030] Working Example 1 to 3 and Comparative Example 1 to 2

Manufacturing cosmetic of component which is shown in thebel ow-mentioned Table 1, it did sensory evaluation.

[0031]

[Table 1]

·	実施例			比較例	
(成分)	1	2	3	1	2
1. 部分架橋型は"リエーデル変性がか"ノ は"リシロキア・重合物(製造例1)	0.8	1.6	4.0	-	5. 0
2. 75 757	3.2	6.4	16.0	16.0	16.0
3. テ゚カメチルシクロペンタシロキサン	4.0	7.0	10.0	_	10.0
4. *゚リエーテル変性シリコーン	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
5. ½° 5° 1/305	4.0	0.5	1.2	2.0	_
6.1、3ープ チレング リコール	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0
7.精製水	残量	残量	残量	残量	残量
(評価項目)					
逸布のしやすさ	0	0	©	Δ	Δ
伸びの軽さ	0	0	0	Δ	×
塗布後のしっとり感	0	0	0	0	Δ
冷生体のペトーキのたさ				v	I

...

【0032】(製造方法)成分1~4を3本ロールにて混合したものに、撹拌下、成分5~7を加え、化粧料を得た。

【0033】(評価方法)専門評価パネル10名により、化 粧料の塗布のしやすさ、伸びの軽さ、塗布後のしっとり感、 塗布後のべたつきのなさについて、以下の基準に従って5段 階評価し、さらにその平均点から判定した。

[評価] [内容]

5点:非常に良好。

4点:良好。

3点:普通。

2点:やや不良。

1点:不良。

[判定]

◎:平均点4.5点以上。

〇:平均点3.5点以上4.5点未满。

△:平均点2.5点以上3.5点未满。

×:平均点2.5点未满。

上記評価方法により得られた結果を表1に併せて示す。

【0034】表1の結果から明らかなように、本発明に係わる実施例1~3は、肌に塗布しやすく使用性に優れ、しっとり感を有しながらべたつきを感じさせない良好な使用感触を有するものであった。

[0035]

実施例4 リキッドファンデーション

(成分) (%)

1. 製造例2の部分架橋型ポリエーテル変性

2

オルガノポリシロキサン重合物

2. スクワラン

3.8

[0032] (Manufacturing method) In those which mix component 1 to 4 with 3-roll mill, under agitating, the cosmetic was acquired including component 5 to 7.

[0033] (Evaluation method) With special evaluation panel 10 p ersons, ease of application of cosmetic, light extension, soft, moist feel after applying, no tackiness after applying, following to reference below,the 5-step ranking it did, furthermore decided from average point.

[Appraisal] [content]

5 points: Very good.

4 points: Good.

3 points: Normal.

2 points: A little deficiency.

1 point: Deficiency.

[Decision]

.dbl circ. : Above average point 4. 5 points.

.circ.: Above average point 3. 5 points, Under 4. 5 points.

: Above average point 2. 5 points, Under 3. 5 points.

X: Under average point 2. 5 points.

In combination with result which is acquired with the above-men tioned evaluation method to Table 1 it shows.

[0034] As been clear from result of Table 1, while to apply Working Example 1 to 3 which relates to this invention, to skin being superior easily in use property, possessing soft, moist feel it was something which possesses good feel in use which does not feel tackiness.

[0035]

1

Working Example 4 liquid foundation

(Component)

(%)

1. partially crosslinked polyether modified of Production Ex ample 2. 1.2

Organopolysiloxane polymer

2. squalane

3.8

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...

3. トリオクタン酸グリセリル 2. O	3. glycerine trioctanoate	2.0	
4. デカメチルシクロペンタシロキサン 8. O	4. decamethylcyclopentasiloxan	e 8.0	
5. 酸化チタン 6. O	5. titanium dioxide	6.0	
6. タルク 2. O	6. talc	2.0	
7. マイカ 3. O	7. mica	3.0	
8. 酸化鉄 適量	8. iron oxide	suitable amount	
9. グリセリン 3. O	9. glycerin	3.0	
10. 1. 3ブチレングリコール 8. 0	1 0.1,3 butylene glycol	8.0	
1 1. セスキオレイン酸ソルビタン0. 4	11. sorbitan sesquioleate	0.4	
1 2. 大豆リン脂質 O. 2	12. soybean phospholipid	0.2	
13. セピゲル305 1. 0	13. Sepigel 305	1.0	
1 4. 防腐剤 適量	14. antiseptic	suitable amount	
1 5. 精製水 残量	15. purified water	remaining amount	
【0036】(製法)	[0036] (production method)		
A:成分5~12を3本ロールにて混合する。	A: Component 5 to 12 is mixed with 3-roll mill.		
B:成分1~4を3本ロールにて混合する。	B: Component 1 to 4 is mixed with 3-roll mill.		
C:成分13~15にAを加えよく混合する。	C: It mixes to component 13 to 15 well including A.		
D:CとBを混合乳化した後、脱泡、充填しリキッドファン デーションを得た。	D: Blending and emulsification after doing C and B, defoaming and it was filled, acquired liquid foundation.		
実施例4は、塗布しやすく、しっとり感を有しながらべたつきのないリキッドファンデーションであった。	While being easy to apply Working Example 4, soft, moist feel possessing, it was aliquid foundation which does not have tackiness.		
[0037]	[0037]		

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実施例5 下地化粧料

(成分) (%)

1. 製造例1の部分架橋型ポリエーテル変性

8

オルガノポリシロキサン重合物

- 2. トリオクタン酸グリセリル
- 2. 0
- 3. スクワラン
- 3. 0
- 4. デカメチルシクロペンタシロキサン
- 5.0
 - 5. 紫外線吸収剤

適量

6. ポリエーテル変性シリコーン

0.1

- 7. セピゲル501
- 1. 0
- 8. 1、3ブチレングリコール

8. 0

9. 防腐剤

適量

10. 精製水

残量

【0038】(製法)成分1~6を3本ロールにて混合したものを、成分7~10に混合乳化して下地化粧料を得た。実施例5は、塗布しやすく、しっとり感を有しながらべたつきのない下地化粧料であった。

[0039]

【発明の効果】以上説明したように、本発明の化粧料は、従来の乳化タイプ化粧料では実現が困難であった使用性、たれ落ちのなさ、伸びの軽さ、しっとり感、べたつきのなさを兼ね備えた化粧料を提供するものである。

Working Example 5 substrate cosmetic

(Component)

0

(%)

1. partially crosslinked polyether modified of Production Ex ample 1. 0.8

Organopolysiloxane polymer

2. glycerine trioctanoate

2.0

3. squalane

3.0

4. decamethylcyclopentasiloxane

5.0

5. ultraviolet absorber

suitable amount

6. polyether modified silicone

0.1

7. Sepigel 501

1.0

8.1.3 butylene glycol

8.0

9. antiseptic

suitable amount

10. purified water

remaining amount

[0038] (Production method) Blending and emulsification doing those which mix component 1 to 6 with 3-roll mill, in the component 7 to 10, it acquired substrate cosmetic. While being easy to apply Working Example 5, soft, moist feel possessing, it was asubstrate cosmetic which does not have tackiness.

[0039]

[Effects of the Invention] Way above you explain, as for cosm etic of this invention, with conventionalemulsification type cosmetic use property whose actualization is difficult, no dripping falling, light extension, soft, moist feel, no tackiness, It is something which offers cosmetic which is held.

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